

# 2025 学年第二学期九年级学情调查

## 英语试卷

考生须知:

1. 本试题卷包括四部分, 共 10 页, 满分 120 分, 考试时间 100 分钟。
2. 答题前, 在答题纸规定位置上写姓名和准考证号, 并在试卷首页的指定位置写上姓名和座位号。
3. 必须在答题纸的对应答题位置上答题, 写在其它地方无效。
4. 做听力题时, 先将答案标在试卷上。录音内容结束后, 你将有一分钟的时间将试卷上的答案转涂到答题纸上。
5. 考试结束后, 试卷和答题纸一并上交。

### 第一部分 听力理解 (共三节, 满分 20 分)

#### 第一节 (共 5 小题, 每小题 1 分, 满分 5 分)

听下面 5 段对话, 每段对话后有一个小题, 从题中所给的 A、B、C 三个选项中选出最佳选项, 并标在试卷的相应位置。听完每段对话后, 你都有 10 秒的时间来回答有关小题和阅读下一小题。每段对话仅读一遍。

1. Where is Ella's English book?

- A. On the sofa.                      B. In the bookcase.                      C. On the bed.

2. What's the probable relationship between the two speakers?

- A. Student and teacher.                      B. Doctor and patient.                      C. Classmates.

3. What will Jason do this Saturday?

- A. Watch a new movie.                      B. Finish a science project.                      C. Read a fun book.

4. How does Henry like the club?

- A. Disappointing.                      B. Interesting.                      C. Relaxing.

5. Where does the conversation probably take place?

- A. In the museum.                      B. On the street.                      C. At the bookstore.

#### 第二节 (共 5 小题, 每小题 1.5 分, 满分 7.5 分)

听下面 2 段较长对话。每段对话后有几个小题, 从题中所给的 A、B、C 三个选项中选出最佳选项, 并标在试卷的相应位置。听每段对话前, 你将有时间阅读各个小题, 每小题 5 秒钟; 听完后, 各小题将给出 5 秒钟的作答时间。每段对话读两遍。

听下面一段较长对话, 回答第 6 和第 7 两个小题。

6. Why did Mike just have a simple breakfast today?

- A. He was in a hurry.                      B. He wasn't hungry.                      C. He was sleepy.

7. What does Grace advise Mike to do as soon as he wakes up?

- A. Do morning exercises.      B. Have some bread.      C. Drink a glass of water.

听下面一段较长对话，回答第 8 至第 10 三个小题。

8. What's the weather like now?

- A. Rainy.      B. Sunny.      C. Windy.

9. What will they probably do together next?

- A. Watch a lot of videos.      B. Play basketball.      C. Go to the mall.

10. When will they meet?

- A. 10:00 a.m.      B. 10:30 a.m.      C. 11:00 a.m.

第三节（共 5 小题，每小题 1.5 分，满分 7.5 分）

听下面一段独白，独白后有 5 个小题，从题中所给的 A、B、C 三个选项中选出最佳选项，并标在试卷的相应位置。听独白前，你将有时间阅读各个小题，每小题 5 秒钟；听完后，各小题将给出 5 秒钟的作答时间。独白读两遍。

听下面一段独白，回答第 11 至第 15 五个小题。

11. What is the name of the app?

- A. Study Room.      B. Study Together.      C. Study Time.

12. What is Peter?

- A. A programmer.      B. A teacher.      C. A student.

13. What's the most useful part about the app?

- A. Improving your writing.      B. Recording the voice.      C. Setting the time.

14. What can Peter do on the app?

- A. Ask questions.      B. Play learning games.      C. Buy some books.

15. What do the teachers say about the app?

- A. Students spend less time on homework.  
B. Students take a more active part in learning.  
C. Students spend more time studying alone.

第二部分 阅读理解（共两节，满分 40 分）

第一节 阅读理解（共 15 小题，每小题 2 分，满分 30 分）

阅读下列短文，从每题所给的 A、B、C、D 四个选项中选出最佳选项。

A

What have you been doing lately in your



# FREE TIME?

What has been keeping you busy these days — work, school, hobbies, or something new you're trying? Jump in and share your story below! We want to hear from you!



Vanessa

I have a chance to work in Mexico next year. I think it'll be an interesting experience, but it's going to be a challenge because I need to be able to speak the language. So, I've only been doing one thing lately — studying Spanish. It's a difficult job, so I haven't been going out at all. But that's OK. It'll be worth it.



Rodney

I've been really busy with school plays lately! Our drama club is putting on a show next month, so we meet almost every day after class, memorizing lines and practicing scenes. It's a lot of work, but I love being on stage. Sometimes I feel tired, but honestly, I'm having the time of my life!



Min-hee

I've been doing lots of things lately! I've been painting pictures of nature — that's a fun project. I've also been learning to make sushi. It's a long process, but I'm getting better at it. And of course, I always have chores, like doing the dishes or washing the clothes. Yeah ... it's a challenge to fit in everything I want to do. But that's what makes life meaningful!



16. What does Vanessa think of working in Mexico?
- A. Fun.                      B. Easy.                      C. Free.                      D. Relaxing.
17. Which of the following is TRUE according to the text?
- A. Vanessa is good at speaking Spanish at the moment.  
 B. Min-hee goes to the drama club after school every day.  
 C. Rodney loves doing different kinds of chores at home.  
 D. Min-hee regards challenges as meaningful experiences.
18. Where can we probably read the text?
- A. In a storybook.      B. In a newspaper.      C. On a website.      D. On a postcard.

B

Five years ago, Freya Blyth moved from working as a school librarian to setting up a bookshop in Aberystwyth, Wales. The bookshop is named "Bookshop by the Sea". It is a community-focused bookshop which brings creative people together. It offers writing classes, movie nights, story time for

kids, and art exhibitions (展览) from local artists. "If you visit the Bookshop by the Sea, it's like visiting a magical place," says Freya Blyth.

It's an especially busy time of year when the bookshop prepares for the holiday season. For the coming New Year, Blyth has been designing a window display (展示) with beautiful lights and snowflakes. She and her team have made some paper artworks. The pieces of paper are out of the broken books that were given away to the bookshop. During the holiday, they will also provide visitors with fun activities like painting seashells, listening to stories about the ocean, "bringing the sea" into the bookshop.

3 Blyth says they have a special program in the bookshop. In the program, customers can pay for a book. Then, the bookshop will give the book away to someone who cannot afford to buy one in the community. She says, "A really good book is the best present you could get. It also reminds people of the true meaning of giving."

Aberystwyth was recently named a UNESCO City of Literature (文学). Blyth hopes the award means more people will come and visit Aberystwyth. She says, "It's wonderful to have our bookshop in a place where people care about books and literature."

19. What can people do in the bookshop?

- A. Take writing classes.
- B. Enjoy English lessons.
- C. Attend the concerts.
- D. Have birthday parties.

20. What do Freya Blyth and her team do to prepare for the holiday season?

- ① design a window display
  - ② make paper artworks
  - ③ offer free meals
  - ④ provide fun activities
- A. ①②③      B. ①②④      C. ①③④      D. ②③④

21. What is the purpose of the program according to Paragraph 3?

- A. To help people choose books.
- B. To give books away to others.
- C. To ask people to buy presents.
- D. To invite people to write books.

22. What can be the best title of the text?

- A. A Magical Library with Activities
- B. A Wonderful Festival for Visitors
- C. A Special Bookshop by the Sea
- D. A Historical City of Literature

### C

① Animation (动画片) used to be just for kids, but today, a growing number of animated movie audiences (观众) are adults. What makes people of all ages enjoy animated movies these days?

② First, today's animated characters often look like real persons thanks to technology. The

characters can even walk, talk, dance, and sing like humans. They are also better able to show their feelings through their facial (面部) expressions, so audiences of all ages feel the characters' feelings are real and important.

③ Another reason is that animated characters these days deal with real-life topics, such as moving to a new place, failure and success, friendship, growing up, and growing old. These are topics that adults can understand — even if the story is about a cat, dog, or robot.

④ The script (剧本) also plays a key role. It includes humor that both children and adults enjoy, and there are often "secret jokes" that only adults find funny. These jokes often come from movies, music, or daily life that adults know well. This kind of humor turns a simple cartoon into something the whole family can truly share.

⑤ What's more, many famous actors record the voices for animated movies nowadays. This gives star power to animated movies. Adults enjoy hearing their favorite actors bring animated characters to life.

⑥ The biggest reason people of all ages enjoy animated movies just might be the endings. They usually end in a positive way, and everyone loves a happy ending. For adults, it can bring back warm memories of watching cartoons when they were young.

⑦ All in all, we all like to laugh and have an adventure with the characters in a movie, and animated movies make that possible in a colorful and magical way.

23. What does the underlined word "they" refer to in Paragraph 2?

- A. Movie audiences.    B. Animated characters.    C. Facial expressions.    D. Famous actors.

24. What is the biggest reason why people of all ages love animation?

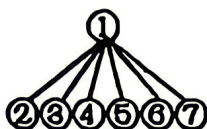
- A. Real-life situations.    B. Funny script.    C. Well-known actors.    D. Happy endings.

25. What can you know about animation according to the text?

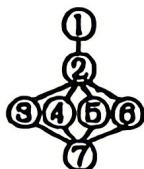
- A. Only a few kids are interested in animation.  
 B. The topics include real-life situations adults understand.  
 C. Both children and adults think secret jokes are funny.  
 D. Many famous directors act in animated movies nowadays.

26. Which of the following shows the structure of the text?

A.



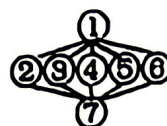
B.



C.



D.



## D

Polar bears can dive (潜水) about 4.6 meters underwater and swim more than 96 kilometers without stopping. The thick fur and fat keep them warm in cold weather. Most polar bears live on sea ice in the Arctic Ocean including parts of Greenland. They depend on the ice as a place to hunt animals like seals or fish.



However, climate change has been a huge threat to polar bears. As world's temperatures rise, scientists predict that more than 60% of the polar bears could disappear by 2050. Meanwhile, scientists find that the bears are developing to survive (生存) in a world with higher temperatures and less sea ice. Living in such environment is changing the bears' DNA.

To know more about their DNA, scientists compared polar bears in northern Greenland to a group living in southern Greenland. Southern Greenland is warmer with less sea ice. To understand how the southern population is surviving, a team of researchers studied DNA samples from 17 bears.

All animals have pieces of DNA called "jumping genes (基因)". These genes can move from one place to another in the DNA. When they move, they can change how other genes work. Scientists found that southern bears have more active jumping genes than the northern bears. The difference seemed to be connected with higher temperatures. The jumping genes have caused changes in how the bears' bodies deal with heat, how they age, and how they get fat.

Lead researcher Alice Godden said the study's results show that polar bears are rewriting their DNA to get used to climate change. However, she said, "This is a big problem because there is a limit (限制) for the bears to change their DNA. We don't know how much they could change. We still need to do everything we can to slow temperature increases." she told *The Guardian*.

27. What can polar bears do according to the text?

- A. They can dive 4.6 kilometers.                      B. They can swim for a long time.  
C. They can jump to keep warm.                      D. They can only hunt food on land

28. Which of the following has the closest meaning to the underlined word "threat" in paragraph 2?

- A. Danger.                      B. Chance.                      C. Mistake.                      D. Difference.

29. What is TRUE about the "jumping genes"?

- A. Only polar bears have the jumping genes.  
B. Jumping genes can move from place to place.  
C. Jumping genes can cause the climate change.  
D. Southern bears have fewer active jumping genes.

30. How might Alice Godden feel about the polar bears' future?

- A. Excited.                      B. Surprised.                      C. Worried.                      D. Confident.

**第二节 任务型阅读 (共5小题, 每小题2分, 满分10分)**

阅读下面材料, 从方框中所给出的 A—E 五个选项中选出正确选项 (其中一项是多余选项), 将其序号填入第 31—34 小题, 并回答第 35 小题。

**Enjoy Fun Family Traditions**

You may have fun traditions with your family, especially during the holiday season. Whether walking through the neighborhood to see the colorful lights, cooking special treats together, or watching a favorite movie, these traditions can help you feel close to the people you love. 31

**Think about what makes your family special.**

Make a list of your family's traditions. They could include making a family recipe, enjoying a family dinner, or lighting candles together. Ask the adults in your family about their childhood traditions. \_\_\_\_\_ They might have fun doing their favorites again!

Next, collect new ideas from your family for traditions. You could discuss making a special outing, like visiting a nice restaurant or seeing a show. However, traditions can also be simple. For example, you could gather relatives to go on a family hike, or watch a famous TV show together.

**Make sure nobody is left out.**

Many families have members who love to organize activities. To make sure everyone gets into the activity, you can ask them for help. \_\_\_\_\_ They can also plan a video call with relatives who live far away but would want to share in the fun.

Traditions are a fun way to spend time with your family and make happy memories. The best part about a tradition is that you get to do it again and again. And it's totally okay if your tradition changes a little over time to fit your family better.

- A. Think up some new ideas for family traditions.
- B. Try taking some photos while you're having fun.
- C. Now get started to create and enjoy family traditions.
- D. Find out what they loved doing when they were kids.
- E. They can help you decide whom to invite to the family party.

35. What would you like to do to enjoy fun family traditions? Why? (不超过 20 词)

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**第三部分 语言运用 (共三节, 满分 40 分)**

**第一节 完形填空 (共 16 小题, 每小题 1 分, 满分 15 分)**

阅读下面短文, 从短文后各题所给的 A、B、C、D 四个选项中选出最佳选项。

Rakesh liked to keep little "treasures", believing they can bring good luck. One day, after eating cherries (樱桃), he kept the last seed (种子) on his hand for some time.

"Grandpa, are cherry seeds \_\_\_\_\_?" asked Rakesh.

"Of course."

"Then I'll keep the seed. Hope it will bring me good luck."

"\_\_\_\_\_ is lucky if you just keep it. If you want luck, you must put it to some \_\_\_\_\_"

"But how can I use a seed?"

\_\_\_\_\_ it."

Rakesh rushed to the garden and pushed the seed into the soil. After that, he quickly \_\_\_\_\_ it.

When spring arrived, something \_\_\_\_\_ took place. It was the cherry seed he had planted. The small plant was \_\_\_\_\_, but full of life.

Rakesh started to water it and the little tree grew rapidly, yet it still faced many \_\_\_\_\_. One day, a goat (山羊) entered the garden and ate all its leaves. Later, a woman cut the plant in half \_\_\_\_\_ when cutting grass.

"Maybe it will die," said Rakesh.

But the cherry tree was not ready to \_\_\_\_\_ yet. By the end of that summer, it had sent out several green leaves again.

Years passed. Rakesh grew taller and stronger, \_\_\_\_\_ the cherry tree grew even taller.

One spring, the tree produced its first pink \_\_\_\_\_ and they looked very beautiful. Later, small cherries appeared.

Rakesh cared for the tree with all his heart, \_\_\_\_\_ finding joy in sitting under it with Grandfather. "There are so many trees," said Rakesh. "What's so \_\_\_\_\_ about this tree? Why do we like it so much?"

"We planted it ourselves," said Grandfather. That's \_\_\_\_\_ it's special."

"Just one small seed," said Rakesh. "Now I know," he said. "I wasn't just growing a tree. I was learning how to hold a life in my hands."

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|--------------------|-----------------|--------------|---------------|
| 36. A. delicious   | B. expensive    | C. beautiful | D. lucky      |
| 37. A. Anything    | B. Everything   | C. Nothing   | D. Something  |
| 38. A. effort      | B. progress     | C. use       | D. work       |
| 39. A. Eat         | B. Plant        | C. Throw     | D. Train      |
| 40. A. believed in | B. forgot about | C. paid for  | D. stuck to   |
| 41. A. basic       | B. cruel        | C. secret    | D. surprising |
| 42. A. cute        | B. fresh        | C. weak      | D. wrong      |
| 43. A. directions  | B. instructions | C. problems  | D. traditions |
| 44. A. after all   | B. by mistake   | C. in person | D. in time    |
| 45. A. die         | B. fix          | C. grow      | D. spread     |
| 46. A. and         | B. because      | C. or        | D. so         |
| 47. A. flowers     | B. fruits       | C. leaves    | D. seeds      |
| 48. A. almost      | B. always       | C. never     | D. seldom     |
| 49. A. correct     | B. crazy        | C. special   | D. strong     |
| 50. A. how         | B. where        | C. when      | D. why        |

## 第二节 词汇运用 (共 15 小题, 每小题 1 分, 满分 15 分)

A. 将方框中所给词语的适当形式填入短文中, 每词仅用一次。

about	easy	information	help	on the other hand	real	should
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AI is developing fast. The technology makes life   52   and more colourful than before, but also makes people worry        the problems it brings. On the one hand, it may provide wrong       . Sometimes it can be difficult for kids to tell whether they're talking to a        person or not because AI can seem very humanlike.   55  , AI can offer a personalized learning experience. It        kids develop their creativity and supports young people with learning differences. What do you think?       . children be allowed to use AI? Some ideas are shared as follows.

B. 阅读下面短文, 根据括号内所给汉语注释写出单词的正确形式 (每空一词)。

**Yes — it's not going anywhere**

AI is here to stay, and children need to know how to use it   58   (明智). The sooner they start using it with the help from adults, the better they will understand its dangers and        (风险). AI can help them get started on research or   60   (解释) the steps of a math problem, just like what a teacher does in class. But AI isn't only for        (严肃) purposes. It can also be used for fun, like creating humorous stories or silly artworks, and there's nothing wrong with that.

**No — it's too powerful**

AI is still a very new technology. Children shouldn't use it   62   (直到) it has been fully tested and developed. AI is so powerful that children using it, especially teenagers under   63   (十六) may run into trouble. That can   64   (发生) quickly, before adults have a chance to help. A study from a Purdue University in Indiana found that ChatGPT gave wrong information 52% of the time. And experts in the study didn't catch the wrong   65   (答案) to different questions 39% of the time. If they didn't catch mistakes, how can children be expected to?

## 第三节 语法填空 (共 10 小题, 每小题 1 分, 满分 10 分)

阅读下面短文, 在空白处填入一个适当的词, 或填入括号中所给单词的正确形式。

### Fascinating facts about sugar and salt

At different times in history, both sugar and salt were called "white gold" because they were so expensive and difficult to get. And there are many more interesting facts about sugar and salt.

★ People often think that sugar makes children more active. 然而, there is no strong scientific evidence (证据) of this.

★ Scientists use sugar 来制作 (make) different kinds of plastic things, for example, water bottles.

★ There is \_\_\_\_\_ club for people who collect small sugar packets (糖包) in cafes and restaurants in the UK.

★ *Sure* and *sugar* are the only two \_\_\_\_\_ (word) in the English language that begin with "s" and are pronounced "sh".

★ Christopher Columbus introduced sugar to the Americas in 1493 on \_\_\_\_\_ (he) second voyage (航行).

★ Salt was very 71 (value) in ancient Rome. The Roman soldiers were paid extra money to buy salt, and this is where the word "salary" comes from.

★ Now, salt \_\_\_\_\_ (use) to produce glass and paper.

★ The body of an average adult \_\_\_\_\_ (normal) has about 250g of salt. It helps O<sub>2</sub> to travel around the body and makes muscles work.

★ People also use salt to do things \_\_\_\_\_ farming and de-icing (除冰).

★ Salzburg, the city in Austria where Mozart \_\_\_\_\_ (live) 270 years ago, means "castle (城堡) of salt".

#### 第四部分 书面表达 (共1小题, 满分20分)

76. 毕业在即, 学校正在开展系列庆祝活动。其中校报以 "A Person I Want to Thank" 为主题向学生征稿。假如你是张华, 请根据以下相关信息, 结合自身经历, 选择或自定想感谢的人, 完成一篇稿件。

#### A Person I Want to Thank

- ❖ Who is the person?  
(my friend/ my teacher/ my mother/ ...)
- ❖ What is my story with him/ her?
  - brought out the best in me
  - encouraged me when ...
  - took his/ her time to ...
  - ...

- 注意: (1) 提供的信息仅供参考使用;  
(2) 文中不得出现真实姓名、学校等信息;  
(3) 词数 80 左右。

#### A Person I Want to Thank

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